SAFETY DATA SHEET



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name Optitemp OG 0
Product code 454129-DE03
SDS no. 454129
Product type Grease

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

✓ se of lubricants and greases in open systems-Industrial

Use of lubricants and greases in open systems-Professional

Use of the substance/ Ørease for industrial applications.

mixture For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company

representative.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier BP Europa SE

Geschäftsbereich Industrieschmierstoffe

Erkelenzer Straße 20 D-41179 Mönchengladbach

Germany

Telefon: +49 (0) 2161 909 30 Telefax: +49 (0) 2161 909 400

E-mail address MSDSadvice@bp.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

EMERGENCY Carechem: +44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24 hours)

TELEPHONE NUMBER

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Classification according to Directive 1999/45/EC [DPD]

The product is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification R43

R52/53

Human health hazards May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

Environmental hazards Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word Warning

Hazard statements H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

Prevention P280 - Wear protective gloves.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing vapour.

Response P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage Not applicable.

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and

international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Reaction product of ammonium molybdate and C12-C24-diethoxylated alkylamine (1:5-1:3)

Supplemental label

elements

Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification

Defatting to the skin.

Note: High Pressure Applications

Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a

major medical emergency.

See 'Notes to physician' under First-Aid Measures, Section 4 of this Safety Data Sheet.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Mixture

Fighly refined mineral oil and additives. Thickening agent.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	67/548/EEC	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Type
⊠ raphite	EC: 231-955-3 CAS: 7782-42-5	≥5 - <10	Not classified.	Not classified.	[2]
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(iso-bu and pentyl) esters, zinc salts	REACH #: 01-2119493628-22 EC: 270-608-0 CAS: 68457-79-4	≥1.37 - <3	Xi; R41, R38 N; R51/53	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]
Base oil - unspecified	Varies	≥1 - <3	Not classified.	Asp. Tox. 1, H304	[1] [2]
Reaction product of ammonium molybdate and C12-C24-diethoxylated alkylamine (1:5-1:3)	REACH #: 01-0000016000-92 EC: 412-780-3 Index: 042-004-00-5	≥1.14 - <3	Xi; R38 R43 N; R51/53	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]

See Section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII

[5] Substance of equivalent concern

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids

should be held away from the eyeball to ensure thorough rinsing. Check for and remove any

contact lenses. Get medical attention.

Skin contact Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove

contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Get medical

attention.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms appear. In case of inhalation

of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need

to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aidersNo action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be

dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician

reatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. Note: High Pressure Applications

Injections through the skin resulting from contact with the product at high pressure constitute a major medical emergency. Injuries may not appear serious at first but within a few hours tissue becomes swollen, discoloured and extremely painful with extensive subcutaneous necrosis. Surgical exploration should be undertaken without delay. Thorough and extensive debridement of the wound and underlying tissue is necessary to minimise tissue loss and prevent or limit permanent damage. Note that high pressure may force the product considerable distances along tissue planes.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

se foam or all-purpose dry chemical to extinguish.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Hazardous combustion

products

Combustion products may include the following:

carbon oxides (CO, CO₂) (carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide)

metal oxide/oxides

nitrogen oxides (NO, NO2 etc.)

phosphorus oxides

sulphur oxides (SO, SO₂, etc.)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special precautions for fire-fighters

Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. This material is harmful to aquatic organisms. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN

469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Floors may be slippery; use care to avoid falling. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Contact emergency personnel.

For emergency responders

Entry into a confined space or poorly ventilated area contaminated with vapour, mist or fume is extremely hazardous without the correct respiratory protective equipment and a safe system of work. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear a suitable chemical protective suit. Chemical resistant boots. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

Koid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. If emergency personnel are unavailable, contain spilt material. Suction or scoop the spill into appropriate disposal or recycling vessels, then cover spill area with oil absorbent. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.

See Section 5 for firefighting measures.

See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.

See Section 12 for environmental precautions.

See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid contact of spilt material and runoff with soil and surface waterways. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Do not reuse container. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Fore in accordance with local regulations. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10). Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store and use only in equipment/containers designed for use with this product. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Germany - Storage code

11

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations

See section 1.2 and Exposure scenarios in annex, if applicable.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Graphite

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name Exposure limit values

TRGS900 AGW (Germany).

TWA: 1.25 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 4/2014 Form: Respirable fraction

fraction

PEAK: 20 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Issued/Revised: 1/2012 Form: Inhalable fraction

TACHOIL

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 1/2012 Form: Inhalable fraction

MAK-Werte Liste (Germany).

TWA: 4 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 7/2011 Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 1.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 7/2002 Form: Respirable

fraction

Base oil - unspecified ACGIH TLV (United States).

TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Issued/Revised: 11/2009 Form: Inhalable fraction

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Derived No Effect Level

No DNELs/DMELs available.

Predicted No Effect Concentration

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Frovide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.

All activities involving chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health, to ensure exposures are adequately controlled. Personal protective equipment should only be considered after other forms of control measures (e.g. engineering controls) have been suitably evaluated. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained.

Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards. The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protective equipment is not normally required where there is adequate natural or local exhaust ventilation to control exposure.

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

The correct choice of respiratory protection depends upon the chemicals being handled, the conditions of work and use, and the condition of the respiratory equipment. Safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Respiratory protection equipment should therefore be chosen in consultation with the supplier/manufacturer and with a full assessment of the working conditions.

of the work

Eye/face protection Safety glasses with side shields.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Skin protection Hand protection

General Information:

Because specific work environments and material handling practices vary, safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. The correct choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use. Most gloves provide protection for only a limited time before they must be discarded and replaced (even the best chemically resistant gloves will break down after repeated chemical exposures).

Gloves should be chosen in consultation with the supplier / manufacturer and taking account of a full assessment of the working conditions.

Recommended: Nitrile gloves.

Breakthrough time:

Breakthrough time data are generated by glove manufacturers under laboratory test conditions and represent how long a glove can be expected to provide effective permeation resistance. It is important when following breakthrough time recommendations that actual workplace conditions are taken into account. Always consult with your glove supplier for up-to-date technical information on breakthrough times for the recommended glove type. Our recommendations on the selection of gloves are as follows:

Continuous contact:

Gloves with a minimum breakthrough time of 240 minutes, or >480 minutes if suitable gloves can be obtained.

If suitable gloves are not available to offer that level of protection, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may be acceptable as long as appropriate glove maintenance and replacement regimes are determined and adhered to.

Short-term / splash protection:

Recommended breakthrough times as above.

It is recognised that for short-term, transient exposures, gloves with shorter breakthrough times may commonly be used. Therefore, appropriate maintenance and replacement regimes must be determined and rigorously followed.

Glove Thickness:

For general applications, we recommend gloves with a thickness typically greater than 0.35 mm.

It should be emphasised that glove thickness is not necessarily a good predictor of glove resistance to a specific chemical, as the permeation efficiency of the glove will be dependent on the exact composition of the glove material. Therefore, glove selection should also be based on consideration of the task requirements and knowledge of breakthrough times. Glove thickness may also vary depending on the glove manufacturer, the glove type and the glove model. Therefore, the manufacturers' technical data should always be taken into account to ensure selection of the most appropriate glove for the task.

Note: Depending on the activity being conducted, gloves of varying thickness may be required for specific tasks. For example:

- Thinner gloves (down to 0.1 mm or less) may be required where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed. However, these gloves are only likely to give short duration protection and would normally be just for single use applications, then disposed of.
- Thicker gloves (up to 3 mm or more) may be required where there is a mechanical (as well as a chemical) risk i.e. where there is abrasion or puncture potential.

Skin and body

Use of protective clothing is good industrial practice.

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Cotton or polyester/cotton overalls will only provide protection against light superficial contamination that will not soak through to the skin. Overalls should be laundered on a regular basis. When the risk of skin exposure is high (e.g. when cleaning up spillages or if there is a risk of splashing) then chemical resistant aprons and/or impervious chemical suits and boots will be required.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Refer to standards: Respiratory protection:EN529

Gloves:EN420, EN374 Eye protection:EN166

Environmental exposure

controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to

reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Grease
Colour Black.

Odour Mild.

Odour threshold Not available.

PH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling Not available.

range

Flash point Open cup: >200°C (>392°F) [Estimated. Based on Lubricants - Base Oils]

Evaporation rateNot available.Flammability (solid, gas)Not available.Upper/lower flammability orNot available.

explosive limits

Vapour pressureNot available.Vapour densityNot available.Relative densityNot available.

Density <1000 kg/m³ (<1 g/cm³) at 20°C

Solubility(ies) insoluble in water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ Not available.

water

Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

Not available.

Not available.

Explosive properties

Not available.

Explosive properties Not available.

Oxidising properties Not available.

9.2 Other information

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No specific test data available for this product. Refer to Conditions to avoid and Incompatible

materials for additional information.

10.2 Chemical stability The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactionsInder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid No specific data.

10.5 Incompatible materials Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials.

10.6 HazardousUnder normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Not available.	

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Routes of entry anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be

delayed following exposure.

Ingestion No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact Pefatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

InhalationNo specific data.IngestionNo specific data.

Skin contact Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness dryness cracking

Eye contact No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Inhalation Inhalation of oil mist or vapours at elevated temperatures may cause respiratory irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion of large quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.

Skin contact Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation and/or dermatitis.

Eye contact Potential risk of transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.

Potential chronic health effects

General

Carcinogenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Environmental hazards Farmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Expected to be biodegradable.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility Non-volatile. Grease. insoluble in water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT Not applicable. vPvB Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/

licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Hazardous waste European waste catalogue (EWC)

Waste code	Waste designation	
12 01 12*	spent waxes and fats	

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.

Packaging

Methods of disposal

Where possible, arrange for product to be recycled. Dispose of via an authorised person/ licensed waste disposal contractor in accordance with local regulations.

Waste code	European waste catalogue (EWC)
15 01 10*	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Empty containers represent a fire hazard as they may contain flammable product residues and vapour. Never weld, solder or braze empty containers. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	•			
	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-

14.6 Special precautions for

Not available.

user

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles

Not applicable.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Other regulations

REACH Status The company, as identified in Section 1, sells this product in the EU in compliance with the

> current requirements of REACH. All components are listed or exempted.

United States inventory

(TSCA 8b)

Australia inventory (AICS) All components are listed or exempted. Canada inventory At least one component is not listed. China inventory (IECSC) At least one component is not listed. Japan inventory (ENCS) At least one component is not listed. Korea inventory (KECI) At least one component is not listed. At least one component is not listed.

Philippines inventory

(PICCS)

Not determined.

National regulations

Taiwan inventory (CSNN)

Hazard class for water 2 Appendix No. 4 (classified according VwVwS)

15.2 Chemical Safety **Assessment**

This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.

Abbreviations and acronyms

SECTION 16: Other information ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

Inland Waterway

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]

CSA = Chemical Safety Assessment CSR = Chemical Safety Report DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

DPD = Dangerous Preparations Directive [1999/45/EC] DSD = Dangerous Substances Directive [67/548/EEC]

EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ES = Exposure Scenario

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

EWC = European Waste Catalogue

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL 73/78 = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

RRN = REACH Registration Number

SADT = Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature

SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern

STOT-RE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure STOT-SE = Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure

TWA = Time weighted average

UN = United Nations

UVCB = Complex hydrocarbon substance VOC = Volatile Organic Compound

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 LONG-TERM AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 [CLP/GHS]

Eye Dam. 1, H318 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

Skin Sens. 1, H317 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

Full text of abbreviated R

R41- Risk of serious damage to eyes.

phrases

R38- Irritating to skin. R43- May cause sensitisation by skin contact.

R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

R52/53- Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic

environment

Full text of classifications

Xi - Irritant [DSD/DPD] N - Dangerous for the environment

History

05/06/2015.

revision

17/03/2014.

Date of previous issue Prepared by

Date of issue/ Date of

Product Stewardship

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from BP Group.

It is the user's obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken. You can contact the BP Group to ensure that this document is the most current available. Alteration of this document is strictly prohibited.

Product name Optitemp OG 0 Product code 454129-DE03 Page: 11/17 Language ENGLISH Version 4 Date of issue 5 June 2015 **Format Germany** (Germany)



Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Code 454129-DE03

Product name Optitemp OG 0

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

Use of lubricants and greases in open systems - Industrial

List of use descriptors

Identified use name: Use of lubricants and greases in open systems-Industrial Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC07, PROC08b, PROC09, PROC10,

PROC13

Sector of end use: SU03

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC04

Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 4.Ci.v1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Covers use of lubricants and greases in open systems, including application of lubricant to work pieces or equipment by dipping, brushing or spraying (without exposure to heat), e.g. mould releases, corrosion protection, slideways. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.

Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa

Concentration of substance in product: Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated

differently)

Frequency and duration of use:

Other given operational conditions affecting

workers exposure:

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature,
unless stated differently. Assumes a good basic standard of

occupational hygiene is implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Other skin protection measures such as impervious suits and face shields may be required during high dispersion activities which are likely to lead to substantial aerosol release, e.g. spraying.

Material transfers Manual:

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.

Material transfers Automated process with (semi) closed systems:

Ensure material transfers are under containment or extract ventilation.

Roller, spreader, flow application:

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur.

Spraying:

Carry out in a vented booth or extracted enclosure.

Treatment by dipping and pouring:

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour). Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:

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Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance 3.81E+01 Tonnes/year

per year:

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission Days (days/year) 300

Environment factors not influenced by risk

management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other given operational conditions affecting

environmental exposure:

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite

Release fraction to soil from process (after

typical onsite RMMs)

Release fraction to wastewater from process 5.00E-11

(after typical onsite RMMs and before

sewage treatment plan)

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release:

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

and releases to soil:

Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process

release estimates used.

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water

contact. 5.00E-05

User sites are assumed to be provided with oil/water separators and waste water to be discharged via a sewage treatment plant

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Organisational measures to prevent/limit release from site:

9.00E-02

2.00F+3

6950

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant

flow rate (m3/d)

Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater

treatment removal as product:

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal:

Conditions and measures related to external

recovery of waste:

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with

applicable local and/or national regulations.

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace **Exposure assessment (human):**

exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Optitemp OG 0

Use of lubricants and greases in open systems -Industrial

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Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet. If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1), additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES
Health	Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.



Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Professional

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition Mixture

Code 454129-DE03

Product name Optitemp OG 0

Section 1: Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

Use of lubricants and greases in open systems - Professional

List of use descriptors Identified use name: Use of lubricants and greases in open systems-Professional Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC08a, PROC10, PROC11, PROC13

Sector of end use: SU22

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No. Environmental Release Category: ERC08a, ERC08d

Specific Environmental Release Category: ATIEL-ATC SPERC 8.Cp.v1

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

Covers use of lubricants and greases in open systems, including application of lubricant to work pieces or equipment by dipping, brushing or spraying (without exposure to heat), e.g. mould releases, corrosion protection, slideways. Includes associated product storage, material transfers, sampling and maintenance activities.

Section 2 Operational conditions and risk management measures

Section 2.1 Control of worker exposure

Product characteristics:

Physical state: Liquid, vapour pressure < 0.5 kPa

Concentration of substance in product: Covers use of substance/product up to 100 % (unless stated

differently)

Frequency and duration of use:

Other given operational conditions affecting

workers exposure:

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours (unless stated differently)
Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature,

unless stated differently.

Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is

implemented

Contributing scenarios: Operational conditions and risk management measures

General measures applicable to all activities:

Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop. Use suitable eye protection. Avoid direct eye contact with product also via contamination on hands.

Material transfers

Manual:

Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour.

Roller, spreader, flow application:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Spraying:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 1 hour. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with specific activity training.

Treatment by dipping and pouring:

Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered fan.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance:

Drain down system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Provide a good standard of general ventilation. Natural ventilation is from doors, windows etc. Controlled ventilation means air is supplied or removed by a powered

Optitemp OG 0

Use of lubricants and greases in open systems -Professional fan. Avoid carrying out activities involving exposure for more than 4 hours. Retain drain-downs in sealed storage pending disposal or for subsequent recycle.

Storage:

Store substance within a closed system.

Section 2.2: Control of environmental exposure

Amounts used:

EU tonnage of risk determining substance

per year:

2.24E+01 Tonnes/year

Frequency and duration of use:

Emission Days (days/year) 365

Environment factors not influenced by risk

management:

Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor

Other given operational conditions affecting environmental exposure:

Release fraction to air (after typical onsite

RMMs)

Release fraction to soil from process (after

typical onsite RMMs)

1E-03

contact.

1.00E-04

Release fraction to wastewater from process 1.25E-03

(after typical onsite RMMs and before

sewage treatment plan)

Technical conditions and measures at Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process process level (source) to prevent release:

release estimates used.

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions

and releases to soil:

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite

Negligible wastewater emissions as process operates without water

wastewater.

Organisational measures to prevent/limit

release from site:

Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils.

Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Conditions and measures related to municipal sewage treatment plant:

Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment

flow rate (m3/d)

9.00F-02

Assumed domestic sewage treatment plant

2.00E+3

62

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater

treatment removal as product:

Conditions and measures related to external

treatment of waste for disposal:

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste:

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Section 3: Exposure estimation

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment

Exposure assessment (environment): Used ECETOC TRA model (May 2010 release).

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers

Exposure assessment (human): The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace

exposures unless otherwise indicated.

Section 4: Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario

Optitemp OG 0 Use of lubricants and greases in open systems -Professional

Environment	Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not
	be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define
	appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Further details
	on scaling and control technologies are provided in SpERC factsheet.
	If scaling reveals a condition of unsafe use (i.e., RCRs > 1),
	additional RMMs or a site-specific chemical safety assessment is
	required. For further information see www.ATIEL.org/REACH_GES
Health	Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are
	adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.